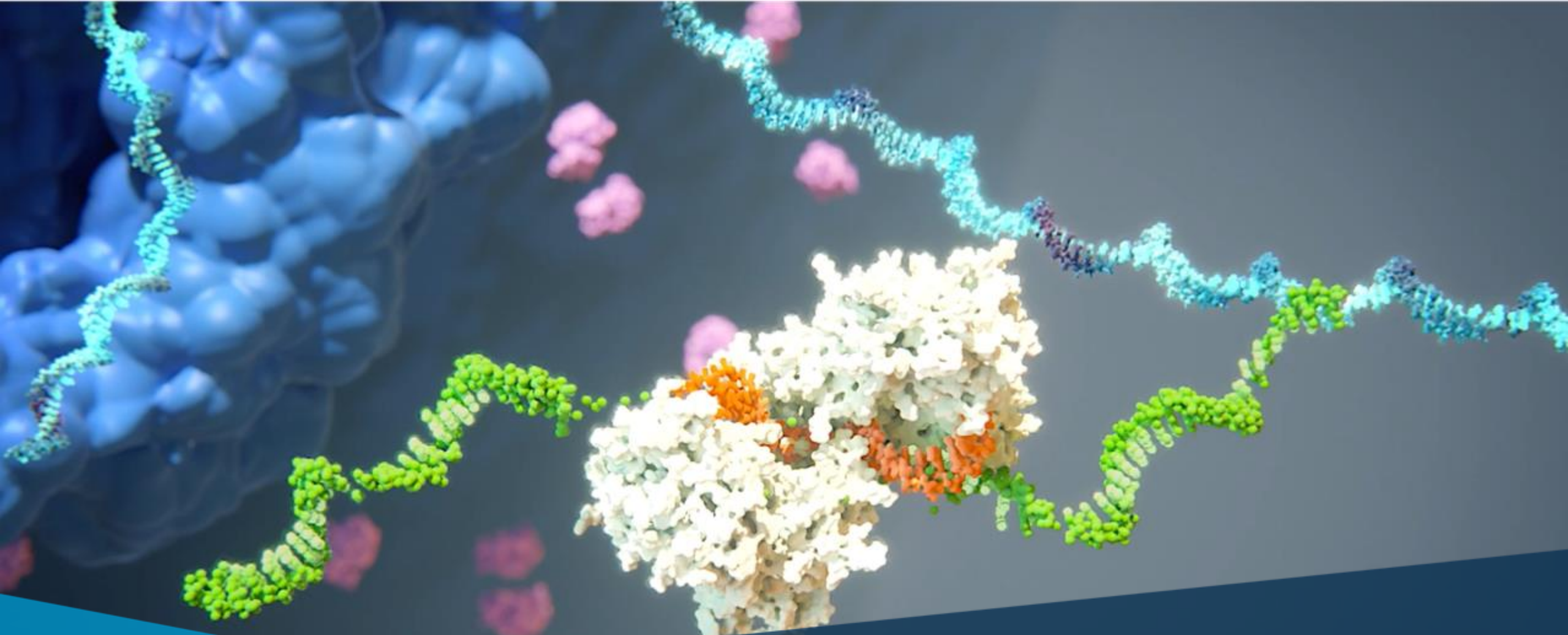




Advancing the Safety and Reach of RNAi Therapeutics

Maja Janas De Angelis, PhD, DABT
Associate Director, Early Development
OTS 2020

Thank You Alnylam Team, Past and Present



Martin Maier



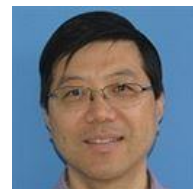
Vasant Jadhav



Scott Barros



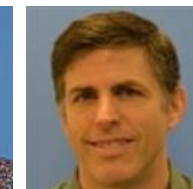
Natalie Keirstead



Jing-Tao Wu



Pete Smith



Kevin Fitzgerald



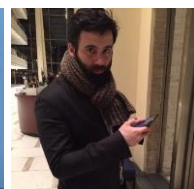
Yongfeng Jiang



Saket Agarwal



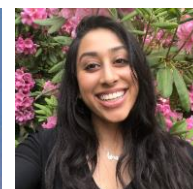
Lei Johnson



Onur Yilmaz



Sam Chigas



Shreya Jadhav



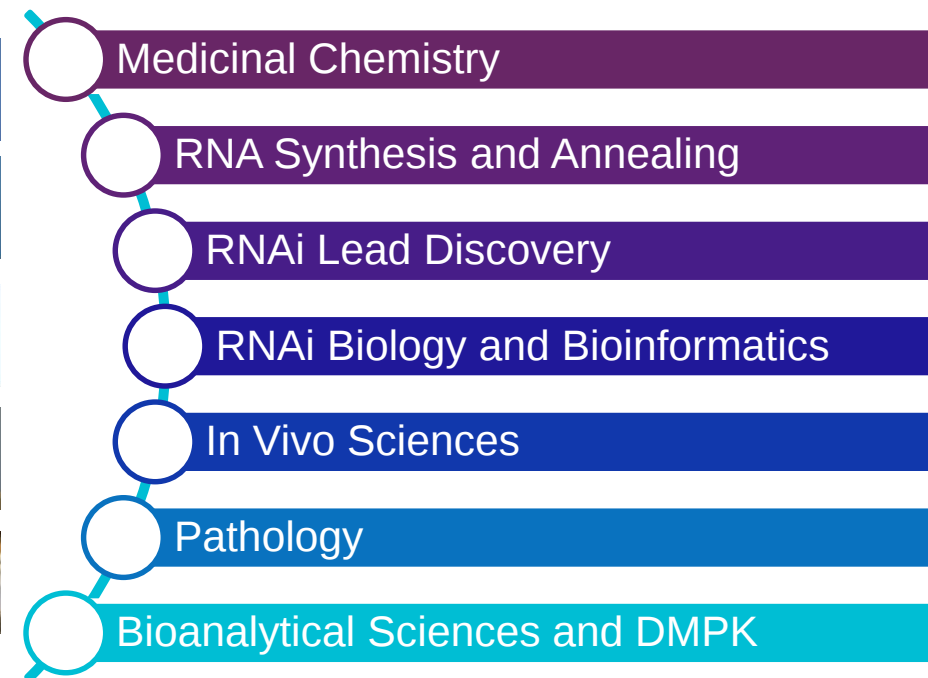
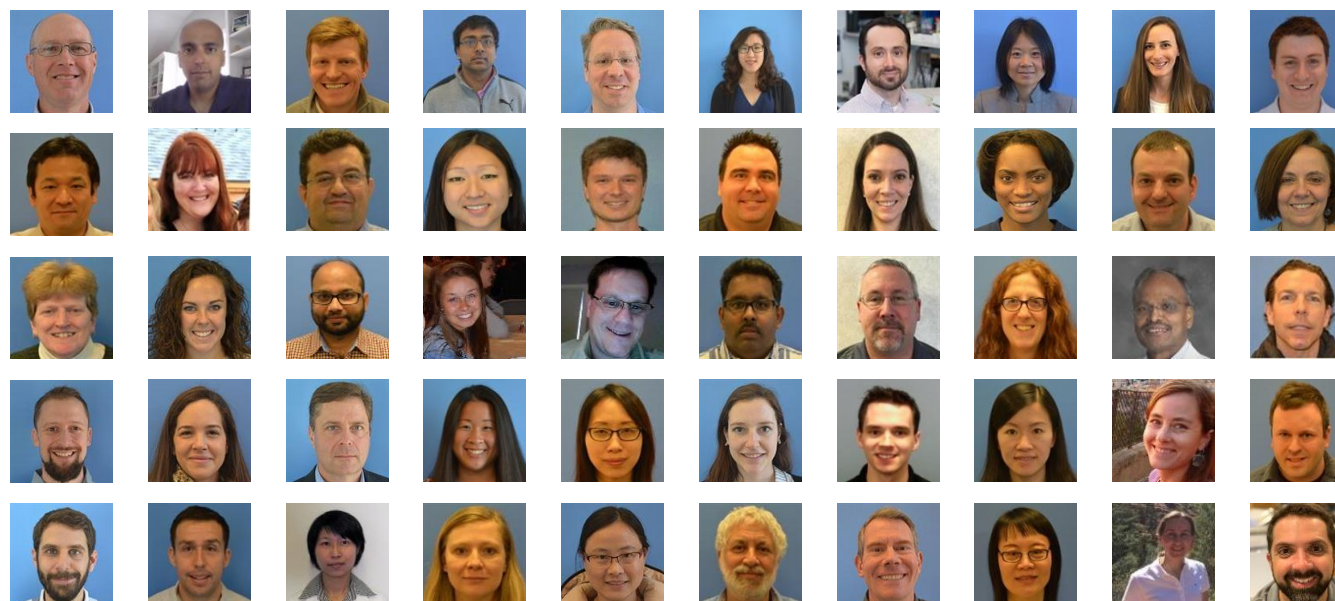
Annabelle Sangree



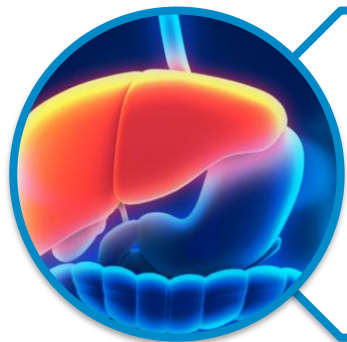
Mark Schlegel



Ivan Zlatev



Agenda



Optimizing the safety of liver-targeted
GalNAc-siRNA conjugates



Translating liver learnings to CNS-
targeted siRNA conjugates

Safety Profile of GalNAc-siRNAs to Date

ORION-10+11 Pooled Data: Safety and Tolerability of Inclisiran

No Evidence of Liver, Kidney, Muscle or Platelet Toxicity

Laboratory tests

Safety population¹

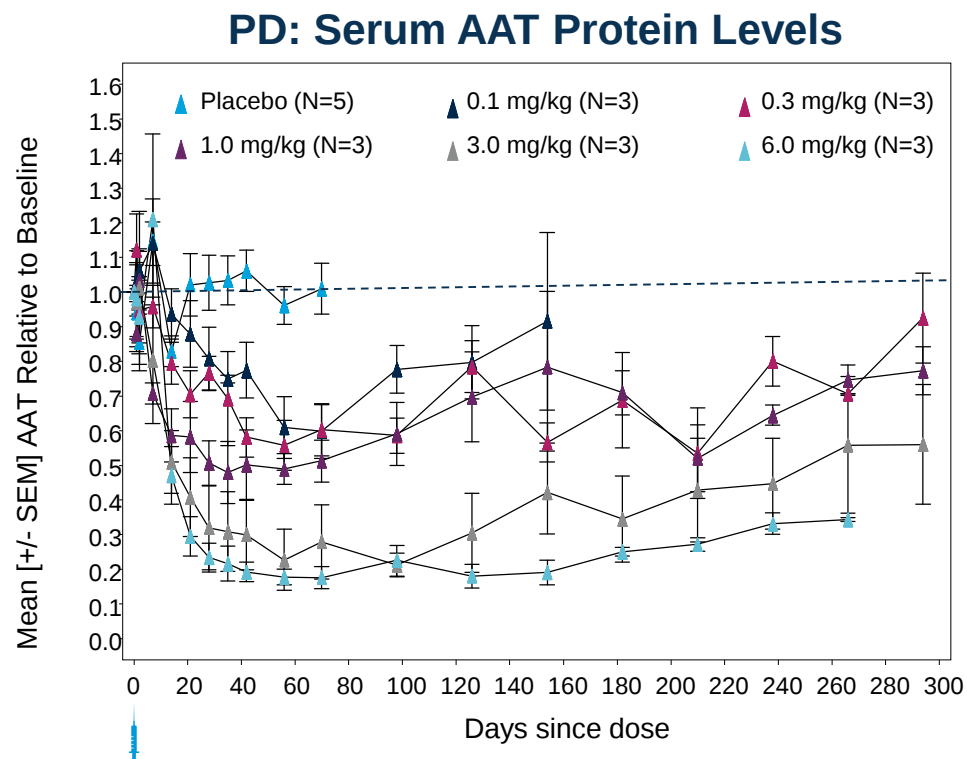
		Placebo N = 1,582		Inclisiran N = 1,592	
Liver function	ALT >3x ULN	6	(0.38%)	6	(0.38%)
	AST >3x ULN	9	(0.57%)	6	(0.38%)
	ALP >2x ULN	5	(0.32%)	6	(0.38%)
	Bilirubin >2x ULN ²	11	(0.70%)	10	(0.63%)
Kidney function	Creatinine >2 mg/dL	41	(2.59%)	35	(2.20%)
Muscle	CK >5x ULN	17	(1.07%)	20	(1.26%)
Hematology	Platelet count <75x10 ⁹ /L	1	(0.06%)	1	(0.06%)

¹ Safety population includes all patients who received at least 1 dose of study medication and individual patients may be counted in more than one category

² No cases met Hy's Law

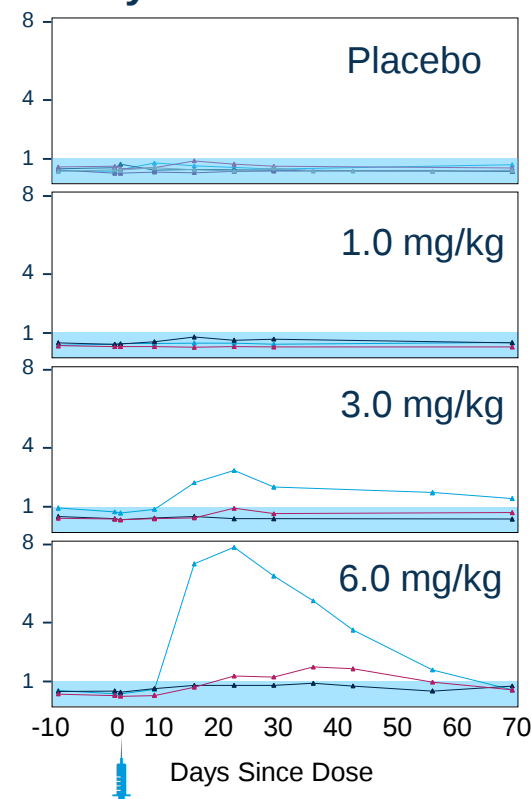
Characteristics of the Human LFT Signal with Subset of GalNAc Conjugates: Only Observed with Few Compounds Suggesting Sequence Specificity

ALN-AAT01 Phase 1/2 Interim Results

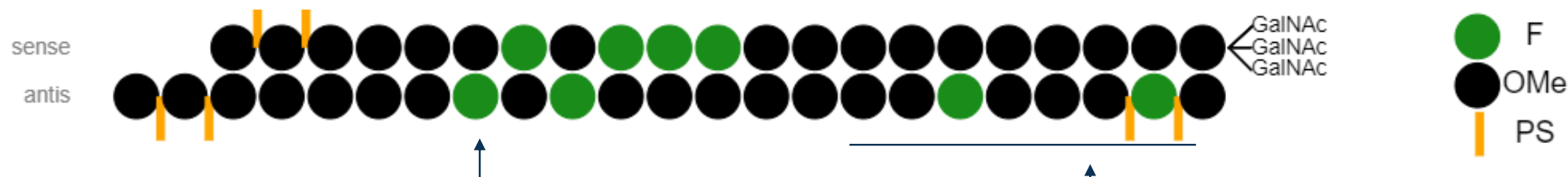


- Anecdotal evidence for RISC-mediated mechanism:
 - Onset of LFT elevations coincides with onset of maximum RNAi activity
 - High target knockdown appears necessary (but not sufficient) for LFT elevations
- Similar profile seen in few other programs with sporadic LFT elevations

Safety: Serum ALT Levels



Safety Considerations for RNAi Therapeutics



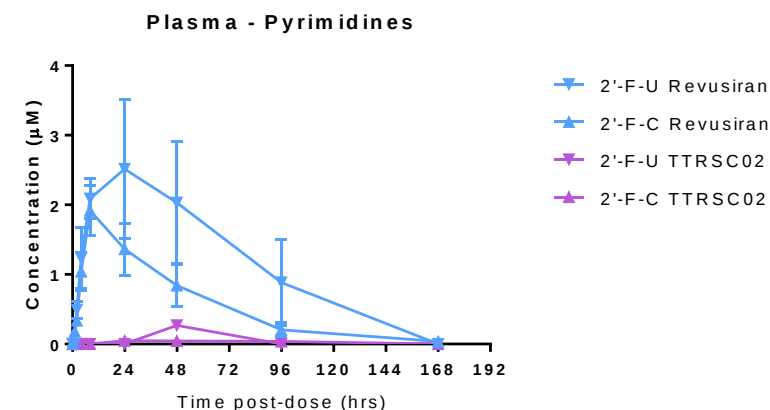
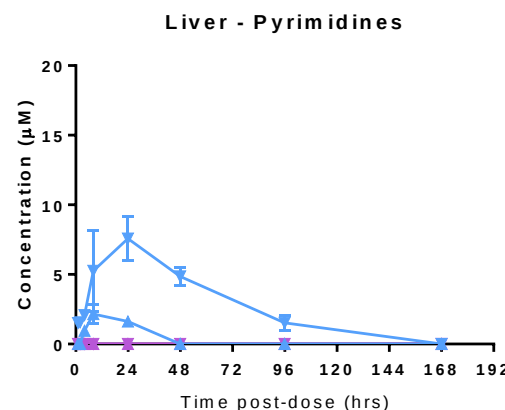
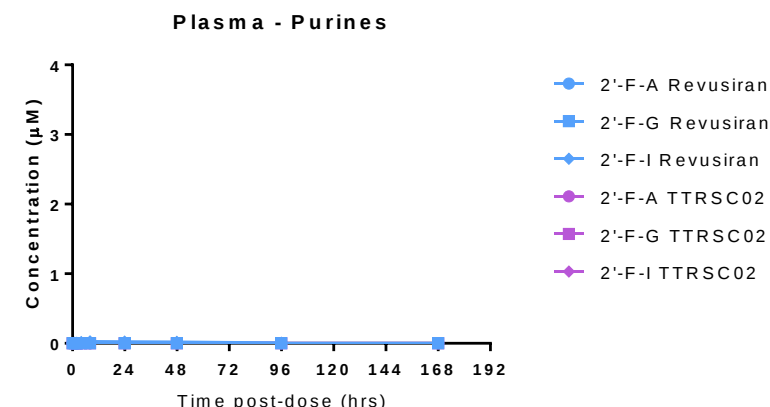
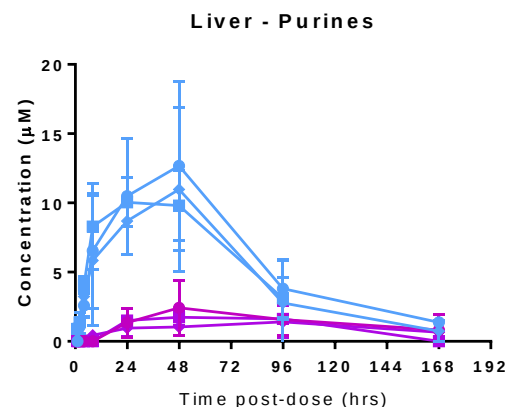
(1) Non-natural chemical modifications,
e.g. 2'-fluoro, phosphorothioate

(2) Dysregulation of natural RNAi pathways,
e.g. microRNAs

(3) Hybridization-based off-target effects,
e.g. microRNA-like seed-based activity

Monomer Generation Is Minimized with the ESC Design *In Vivo*

Rat, 30 mg/kg Single Subcutaneous Dose of **Revusiran** or **ALN-TTRSC02**



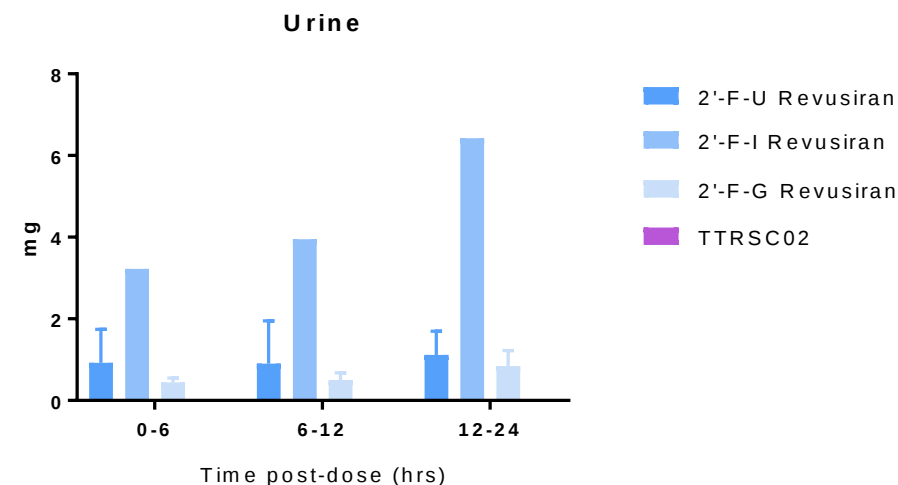
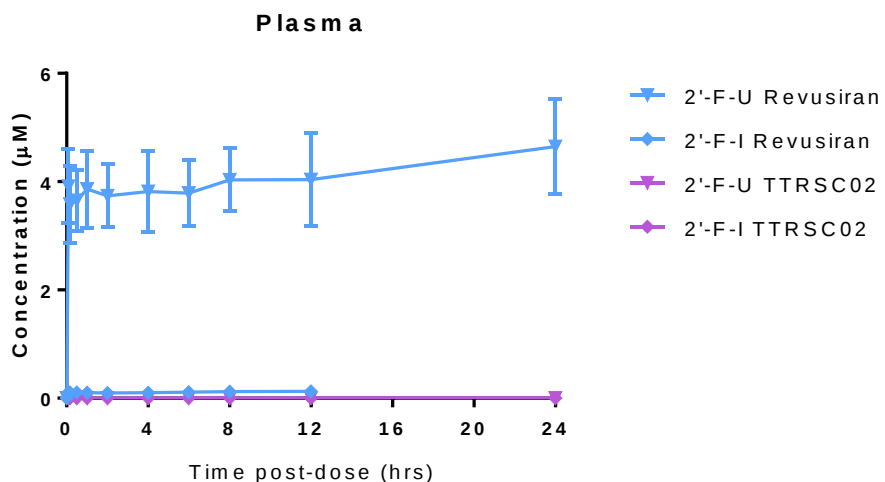
- 2'-F-monomer half-life of 1-2 days indicates that no accumulation is expected with weekly or less frequent dosing

- Only 2'-F-pyrimidines appear to re-distribute systemically in plasma

2'-F-Monomers Are Not Detectable in Human Plasma or Urine at Therapeutically-Relevant Doses of ESC-Conjugate

Revusiran: 7.5 mg/kg qd x 5 to healthy volunteers

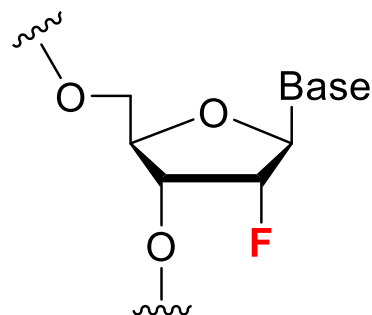
ALN-TTRSC02: 50 mg (~0.83 mg/kg) single dose to healthy volunteers



- 2'-F-monomers reached steady state in plasma and urine by Day 4, indicating a half-life of ~ 1 day and therefore no accumulation with weekly or less frequent dosing

- Up to ~15 % of total monomer dose is excreted in urine, and therefore even revusiran is likely mainly excreted in oligomeric forms

2'-F-Monomer De-Risking



Nucleic Acids Research, 2019 1
doi: 10.1093/nar/gkz140

Safety evaluation of 2'-deoxy-2'-fluoro nucleotides in GalNAc-siRNA conjugates

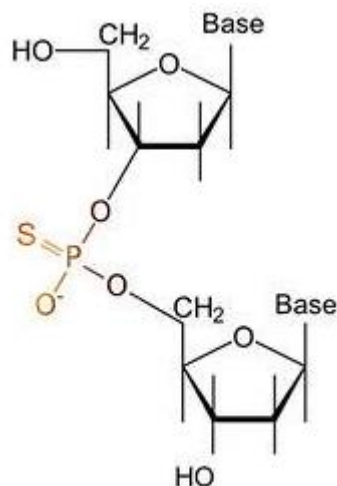
Maja M. Janas[†], Ivan Zlatev[†], Ju Liu, Yongfeng Jiang, Scott A. Barros, Jessica E. Sutherland, Wendell P. Davis, Jingxuan Liu, Christopher R. Brown, Xiumin Liu, Mark K. Schlegel, Lauren Blair, Xuemei Zhang, Biplab Das, Chris Tran, Krishna Aluri, Jing Li, Saket Agarwal, Ramesh Indrakanti, Klaus Charisse, Jayaprakash Nair, Shigeo Matsuda, Kallanthottathil G. Rajeev, Tracy Zimmermann, Laura Sepp-Lorenzino, Yuanxin Xu, Akin Akinc, Kevin Fitzgerald, Akshay K. Vaishnav, Peter F. Smith, Muthiah Manoharan, Vasant Jadhav, Jing-Tao Wu^{*} and Martin A. Maier^{*}

Alnylam Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Cambridge, MA 02142, USA

Received December 27, 2018; Revised February 7, 2019; Editorial Decision February 15, 2019; Accepted February 19, 2019

Monomer generation from STC siRNA in rat and human	Low
Monomer generation from ESC siRNA in rat and human	Mostly undetectable
Polymerase inhibition (Pol-γ, Pol-α, Pol-β, POLRMT)	No
Polymerase substrate (Pol-γ, POLRMT)	Poor
Obligate chain termination	No
Non-obligate chain termination	No
Cytotoxicity and mtDNA effects <i>in vitro</i>	In a subset of cell lines at concentrations > 16-fold higher than generated <i>in vivo</i> from STC siRNA
2-year rat carcinogenicity study with STC siRNAs	No effects on survival or tumor incidence; no apparent effects on mitochondrial function

Phosphorothioate Modification Is Well-Tolerated in Double-Stranded Oligonucleotides *In Vitro*



NUCLEIC ACID THERAPEUTICS
Volume 00, Number 00, 2016
© Mary Ann Liebert, Inc.
DOI: 10.1089/nat.2016.0639

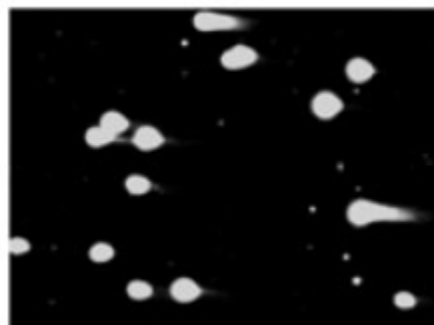
Original Article

Impact of Oligonucleotide Structure, Chemistry, and Delivery Method on *In Vitro* Cytotoxicity

Maja M. Janas¹, Yongfeng Jiang¹, Mark K. Schlegel¹, Scott Waldron¹,
Satya Kuchimanchi¹, and Scott A. Barros^{1,*}

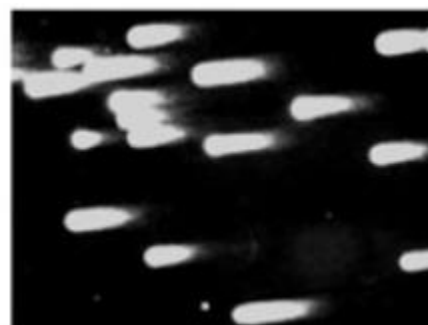
DNA double stranded break assessment after transfection into HeLa cells:

Mock



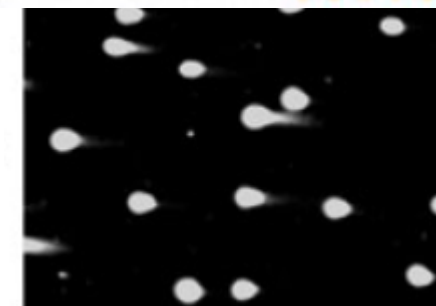
ASO-hiF/hiPSc

CUGCUAGCCTCTGGAUUUGA



siSCR-hiF/hiPSc

GGUUAACACGUUUUAGAUCAA
GACCAAUUGUGCAAAAUCUAGUU



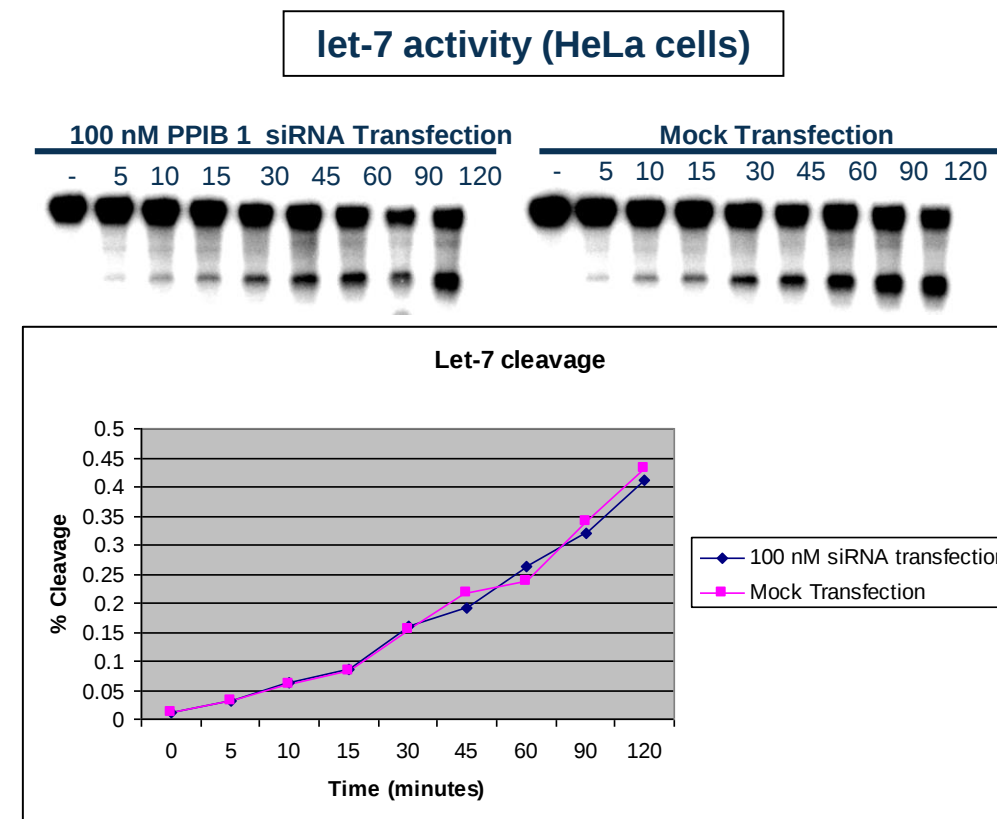
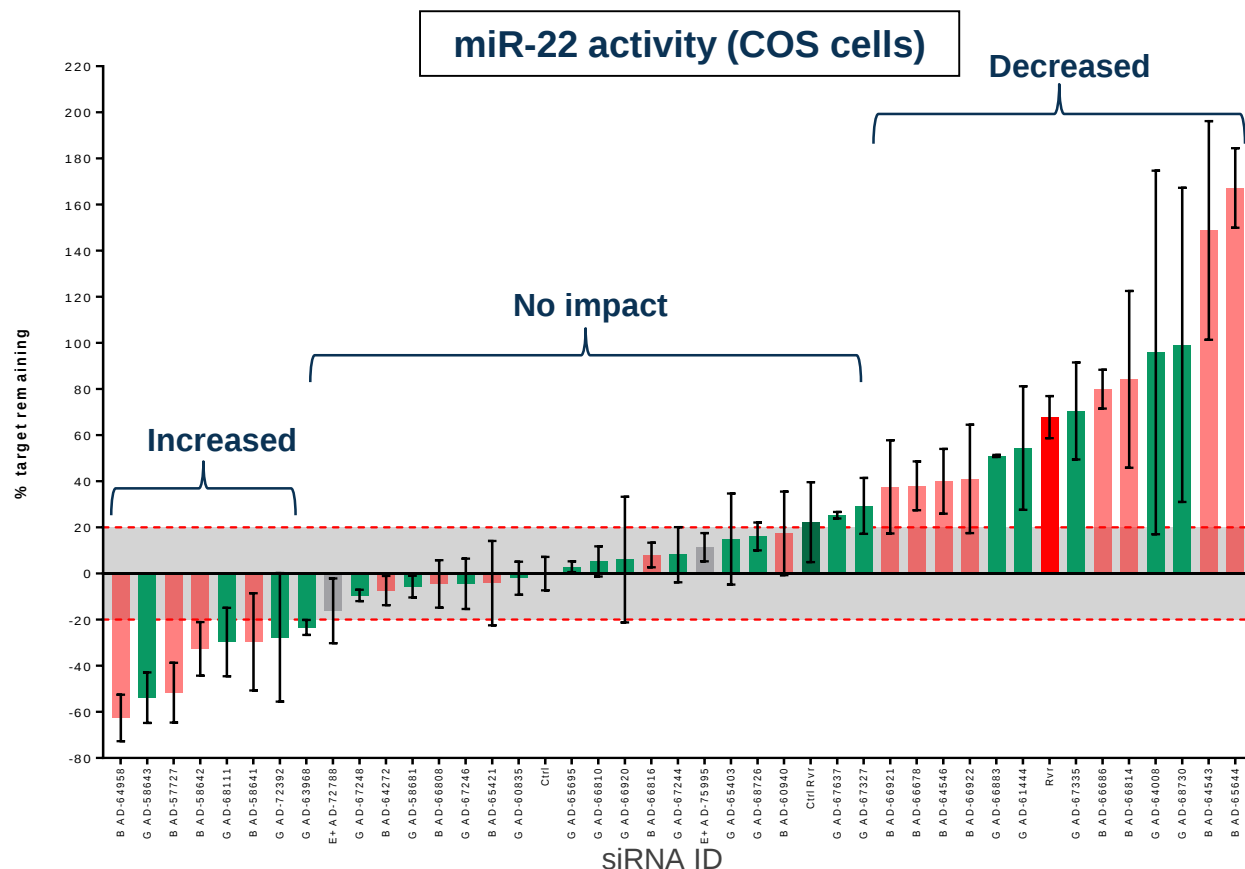
No Evidence of a Class Effect of siRNAs on microRNA Activity

Potential Reasons:

- Relatively low % of cellular RISC pool occupied by siRNA
- Stabilization of additional RISC complexes in the presence of siRNA*

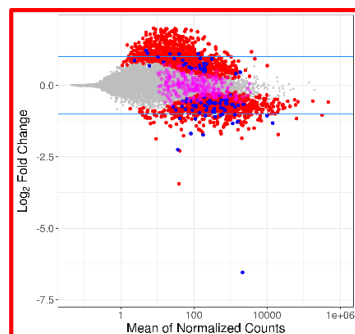
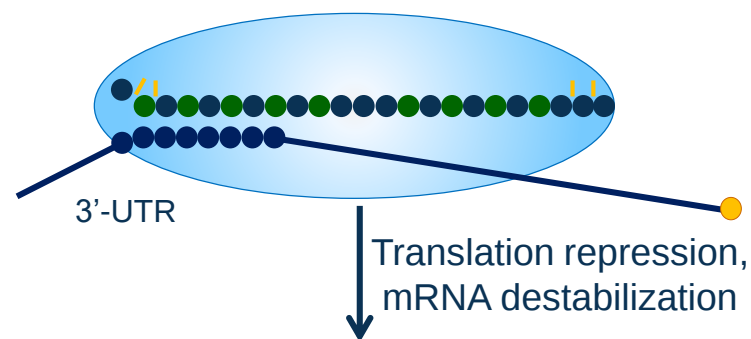
*Nat Struct Mol Biol. 2013 Jul;20(7):789-95; Mol Biol Cell. 2010 May 1;21(9):1462-9; RNA. 2013 May;19(5):605-12

Endogenous microRNA activity assessment after siRNA transfection:



Seed-Based Off-Target Effects Are Important Drivers of Rodent Hepatotoxicity for Subset of GalNAc-siRNAs

miRNA-like seed mediated
binding to off-targets



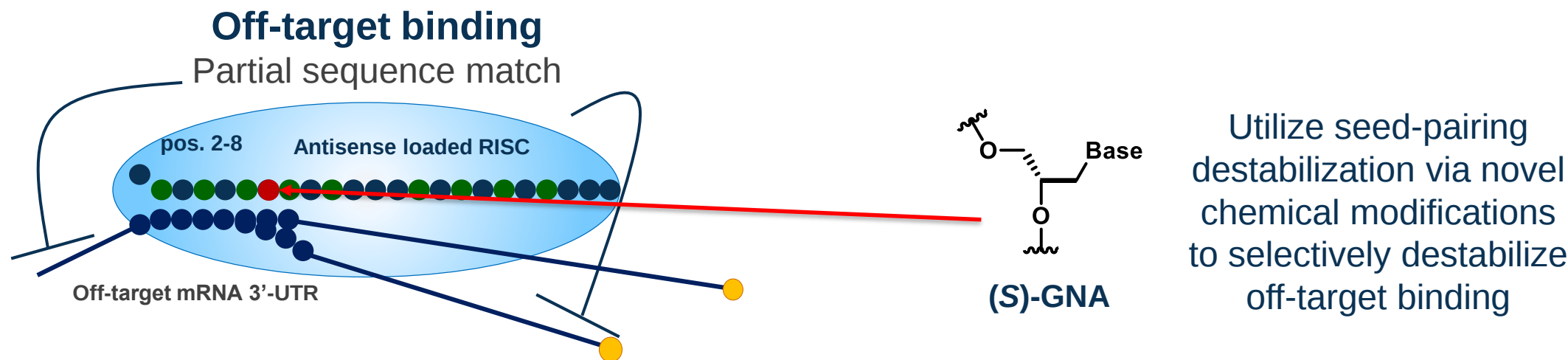
Seed enriched off-
target effects observed



Rat NOAEL: 10 mg/kg



ESC+ Seed Pairing Destabilization Strategy to Improve Specificity and Therapeutic Index



Understand off-target activity

Important Considerations

1. On-target potency must be maintained *in vivo*
2. Off-target activity should be minimized

Bramsen et. al. *Nucleic Acids Res.* **2010**

Vaish et. al. *Nucleic Acids Res.* **2011**

Lee et. al. *Nat. Comm.* **2015**

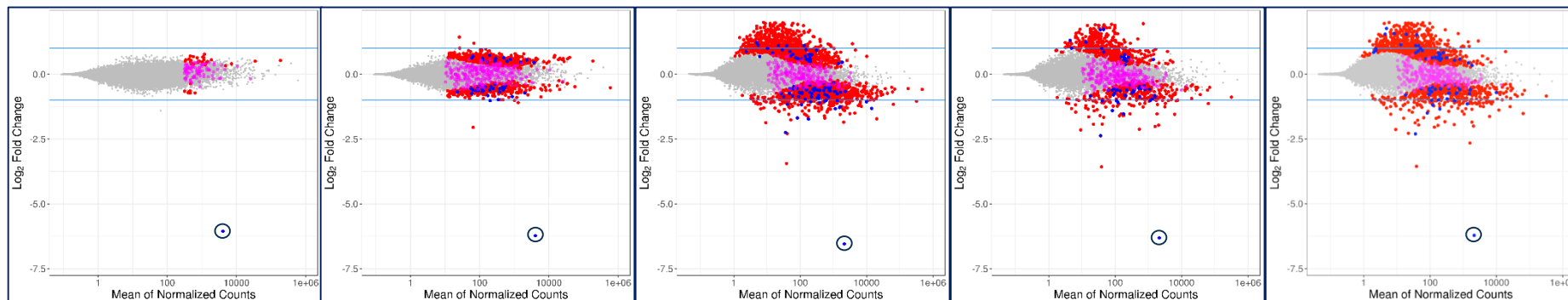
13 Janas, Schlegel et al. *Nat. Comm.* **2018**

ESC+ Demonstrates More Quiescent Off-Target Signature Across Dose Levels in Rat Liver with Comparable On-Target KD

Dose: qw x 3
Necropsy: Day 16

Histopath
for 30 mg/kg dose

ESC



3 mg/kg

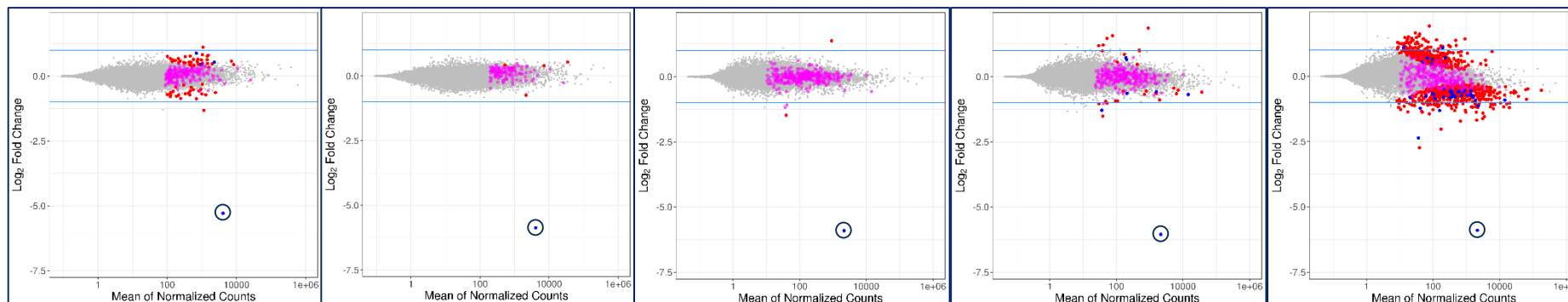
10 mg/kg

30 mg/kg

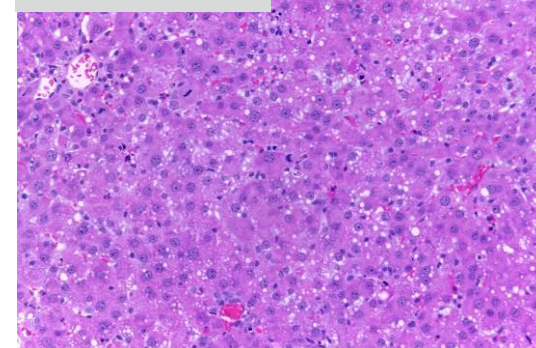
60 mg/kg

120 mg/kg

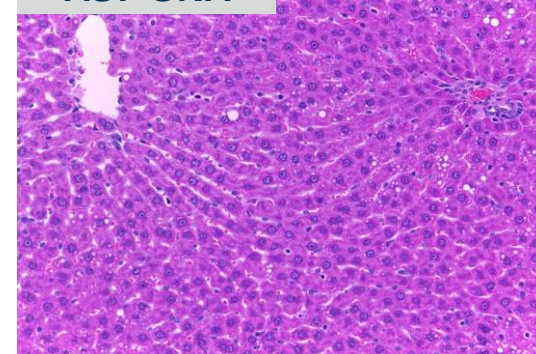
ESC+



Parent ESC



AS7-GNA



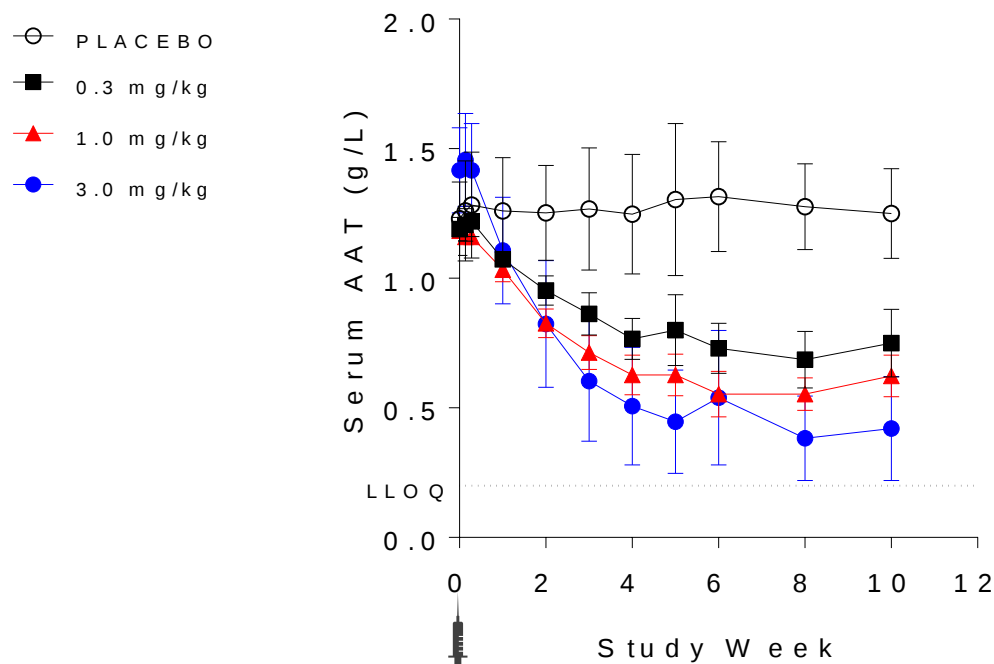
DEGs (Differentially Expressed Genes), significant, 3'UTR match, significant, 3'UTR match, not significant

○ = target mRNA

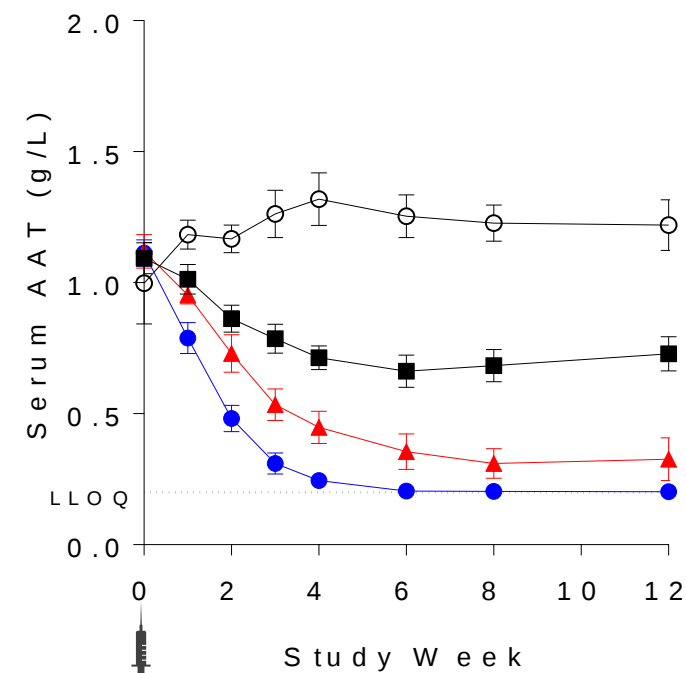
Positive ESC+ Human POC

ALN-AAT02 Clinical Activity and Safety

Single Dose ALN-AAT01



Single Dose ALN-AAT02



ALN-AAT01

Structure*



Efficacy

Up to 89% KD

Liver Safety
(ALT >3x ULN)

1/15 (up to 6 mg/kg dose)

ALN-AAT02



Up to 89% KD

0/18 (up to 6 mg/kg dose)

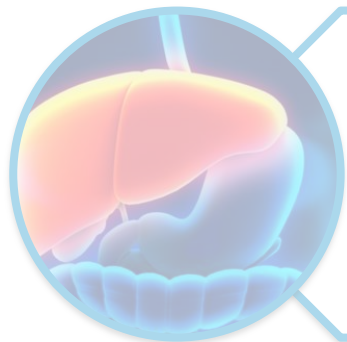
GalNAc-siRNA Safety Summary



Hybridization-based off-target effects, e.g. microRNA-like seed-based activity

- Antisense strand-driven RNAi-mediated off-target effects are important drivers of hepatotoxicity
 - No evidence for impact of chemical modifications on observed toxicity
 - No evidence for microRNA competition
- ESC+ strategy mitigates seed-mediated off-target effects, improves specificity and further expands therapeutic window of siRNA conjugates
 - Utilizes thermally destabilizing nucleotide, such as glycol nucleic acid (GNA), in seed region of antisense strand
 - Multiple ESC+ conjugates have advanced into clinical development
 - Positive human POC achieved
 - Some sequences show an inherent ESC+ profile and may not require further chemical modification

Agenda



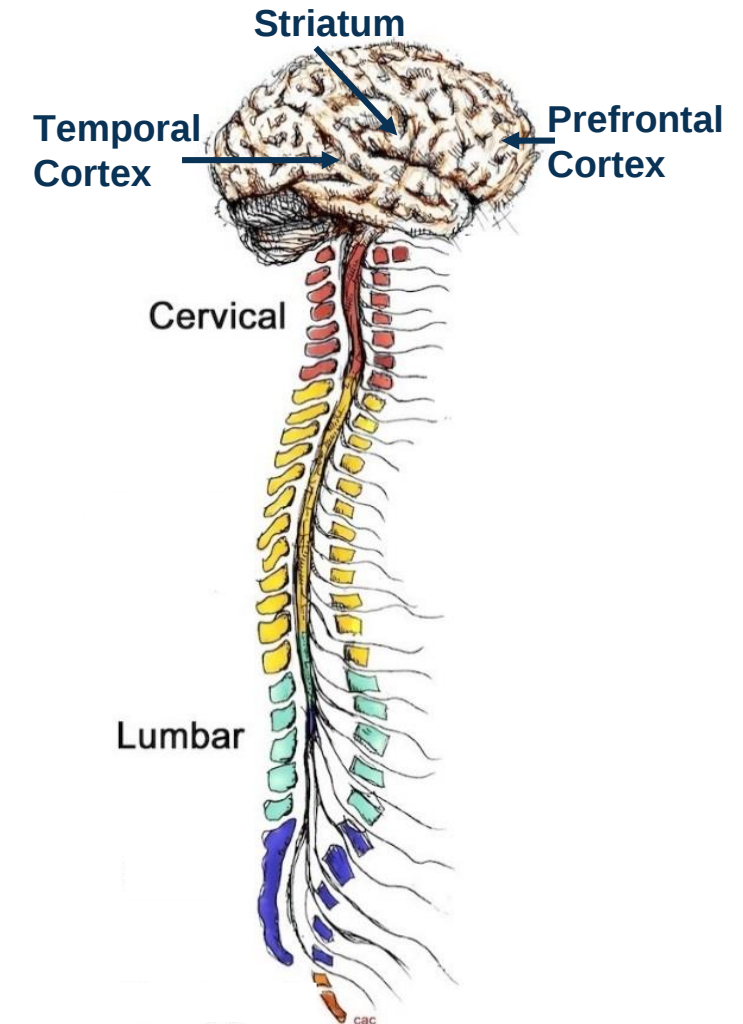
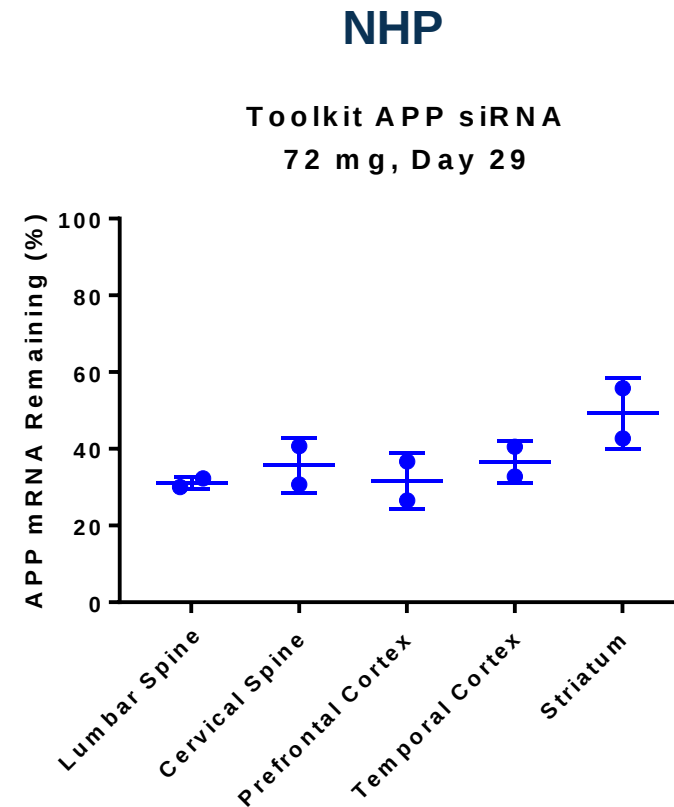
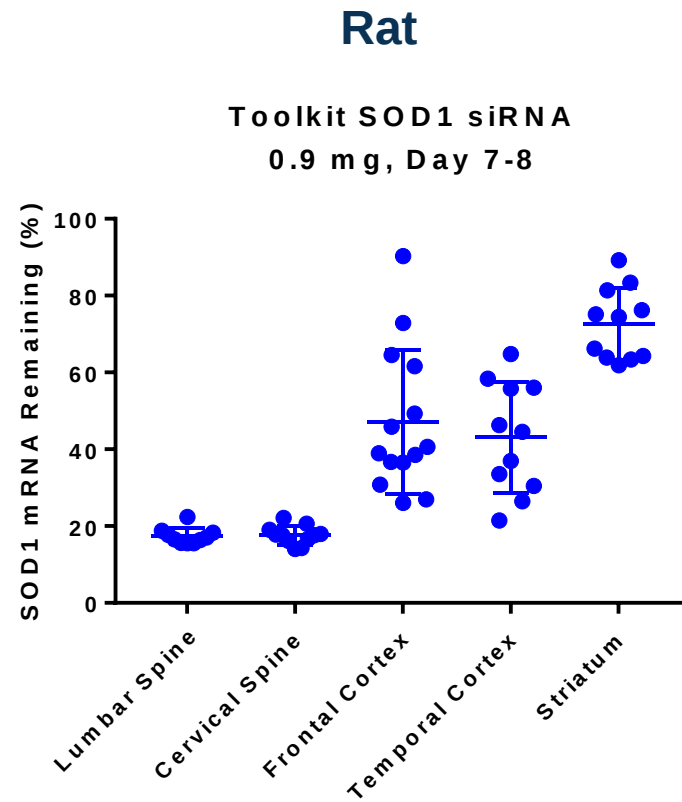
Optimizing the safety of liver-targeted
GalNAc-siRNA conjugates



Translating liver learnings to CNS-
targeted siRNA conjugates

siRNA Conjugate Is Active Across CNS Regions

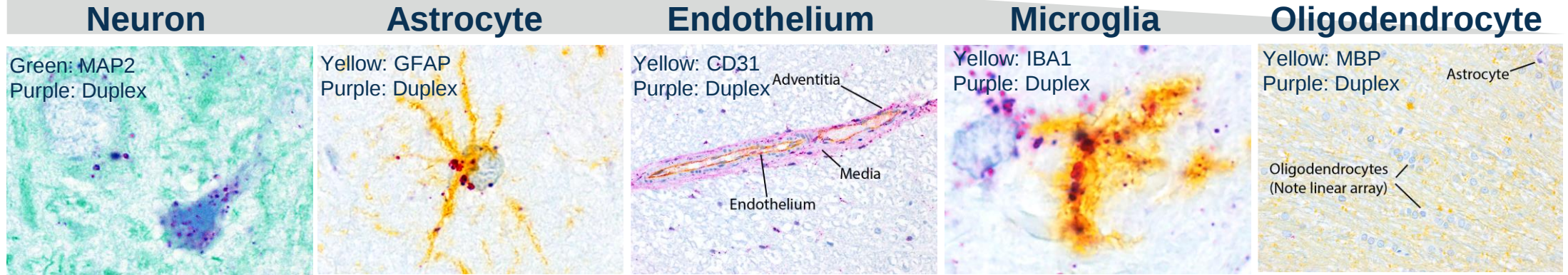
Knockdown Observed in Deep Brain Regions after a Single IT Injection



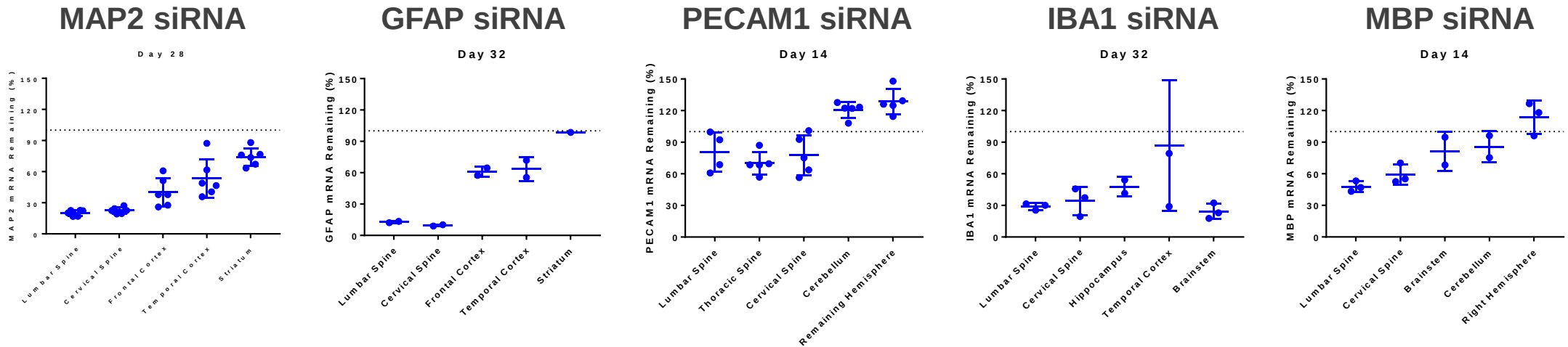
siRNA Conjugate Is Active in Most CNS Cell Types in Rat

Lowest Activity in the Endothelium

siRNA accumulation



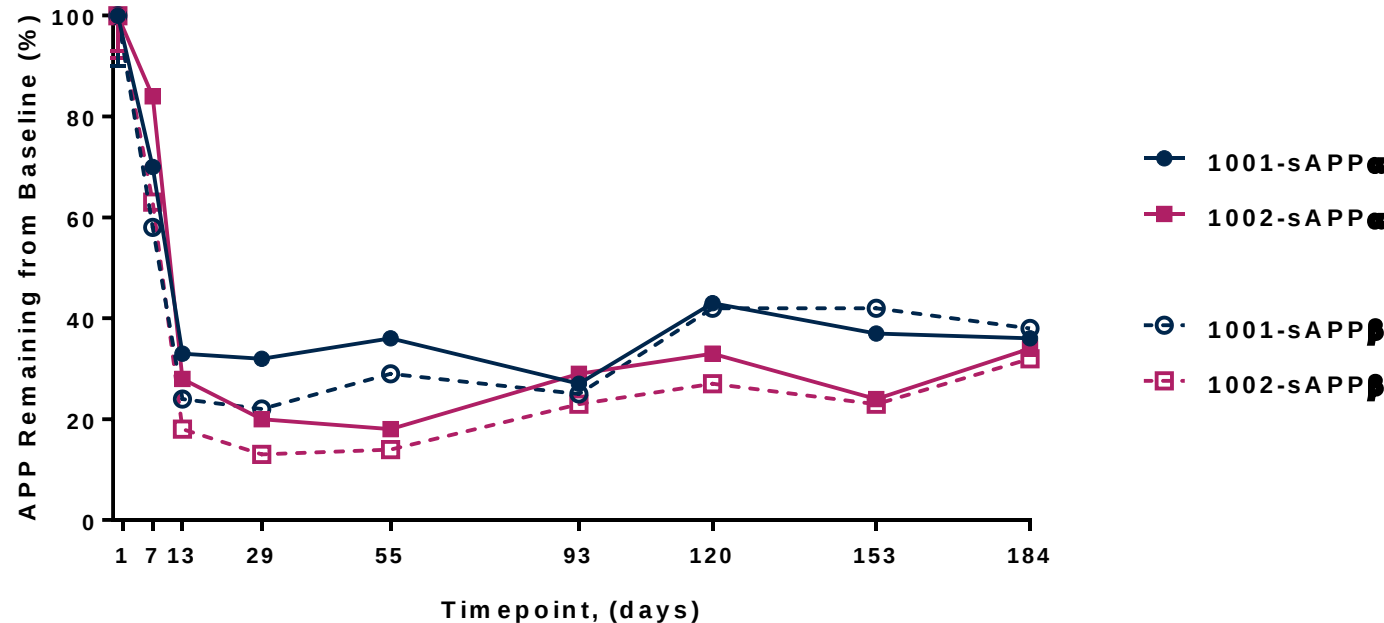
siRNA activity



siRNA Conjugate Is Durable for > 6 Months in NHP

Single IT Injection, 60 mg

Toolkit APP siRNA



CNS Summary

- siRNA conjugates are active across CNS regions, including deep brain structures
- siRNA conjugates are active in most CNS cell types, including neurons, microglia, astrocytes, and oligodendrocytes
- siRNA conjugates have long half-life in the CNS, resulting in durable activity (> 6 months in monkey)
- **No test article-related safety findings to date in rodent or monkey nonclinical studies**

Our Innovative Work Continues...with Physical Distancing

